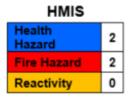


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This SDS Is in accordance with US 2012 OSHA **Hazard Communication Standard (29** CFR1910.1200) or the Canadian Workplace **Hazardous Material Information** System (WHMIS 2015)

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name TRIAX Diesel Ultra Fuel Treatment and Booster

Recommended Use Diesel fuel additive

Manufactured by: TRIAX LLC

1405 S Belt Line RD, Suite 200, Coppell, TX 75019

Phone: 214-897-6533

Emergency Telephone Number CHEMTREC

1 (800) 424-9300

International: +011(703) 527-3887

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Classification

This product is not considered HAZMAT for storage and ground, ocean transportation purposes

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single	Category 3
exposure)	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	Category 2
exposure)	

Appearance Yellow liquid **Physical** liquid Odor Mild Petroleum

State

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements Flammable liquid and vapor

> May damage fertility or the unborn child May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause cancer

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



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Precautionary Statements

- Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors and spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep cool.

Precautionary Statements

- Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse

Skin IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water and then shower.

Fire In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish.

Precautionary Statements

- Storage

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Precautionary Statements

- Disposal

Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Unknown acute toxicity See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Other information May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin

irritation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life.

COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Formula Mixture

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	85-95%
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	2.22-3.33%
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1.11-2.22089
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic	64742-94-5	<1.54
Xylene, Mixture of Isomers	1330-20-7	0.111 - 0.5439
Cumene	98-82-8	0.111 - 0.5439
2-Ethyl-1-Hexanol	104-76-7	0.255 - 0.5049
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.051 - 0.4641
2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	< 0.3978
Mesitylene	108-67-8	0.051 - 0.2499
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	0.051 - 0.2499
1-Methylnaphthalene	90-12-0	< 0.19125

^{*} Exact % of composition is being withheld as a trade secret.



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The classification as a carcinogen does not apply as it can be shown that the substance(s) contain(s) less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Show this safety datasheet to the

doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eve wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing

> has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Delayed

pulmonary edema may occur.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

> person. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Get immediate medical attention.

Self-protection of

Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) the first aider involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use

personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid direct

contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness **Symptoms**

and difficulty breathing. May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.

Note to physicians Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed

unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Alcohol resistant

foam. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons

(smoke)

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Containers can burst or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating

gases and vapors.



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Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact Sensitivity to Static Discharge None. Yes

Protective Equipment and Precautions for

Firefighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

NFPA Health

Hazard

2 Flammability

2 Stability

0 Physical and Chemical

Hazards

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Methods for Containment

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for Cleaning Up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13). Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

Other information

Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8

For emergency responders

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Avoid contact with used product. Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Storage

Do not reuse empty containers. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e. pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local

regulations. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials.



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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Under conditions which may generate mists, the following exposure limits are recommended: Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 5 mg/m³. Short-term exposure limit(15-minute): 10 mg/m³

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light 64742-47-8	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours	-	-
1-Methylnaphthalene 90-12-0	TWA: 0.5 ppm	-	-
2-Methylnaphthalene 91-57-6	TWA: 0.5 ppm	-	-
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic 64742-94-5	TWA: 25 mg/m³	-	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	TWA: 25 ppm	-	-
Cumene 98-82-8	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	-
Mesitylene 108-67-8	TWA: 25 ppm	-	-

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection If there is a risk of contact: Tight sealing safety goggles.

Skin and Body If there is a risk of contact: Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved

clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Antistatic boots.

Hand protection If there is a risk of contact: Ensure that the breakthrough time of the glove

material is not exceeded. Refer to glove supplier for information on breakthrough time for specific gloves. Wear suitable gloves. Impervious

gloves.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure

limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation

may be required. may be required.

Environmental exposure

controls

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. Local

authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before

breaks and immediately after handling the product.



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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Yellow liquid Odor Mild Petroleum

Physical StateLiquidpHN/AFlash Point>150 °FAutoignitionN/A

Temperature
nge No data Freezing Point

Boiling Point/RangeNo dataFreezing Point<-60°C /-76°F</th>Explosion LimitsN/AFlammability Limits inN/A

Air

Specific Gravity 0.83-0.85 Solubility Insoluble in water.

Water: 1.5 g/l 0.19 **Vapor Pressure** 0.013 kPa

Vapor Density 4.5 (at 20°C) Density N/A

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability STABLE under recommended storage conditions and room temperature.

Incompatible ProductsNone known based on information supplied.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Hazardous Decomposition Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and

vapors. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons

(smoke).

Hazardous PolymerizationNone under normal processing.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Products

Evaporation Rate

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Harmful if swallowed.

(based on components).

Inhalation Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs

can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin Effects Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Specific test data for the

substance or mixture is not available. Causes mild skin irritation. May be harmful in

contact with skin

Eye Irritation Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation.

Symptoms Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea,

unconsciousness and difficulty breathing. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Prolonged contact may

cause redness and irritation.

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Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral (Rat)	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	LC50 Inhalation (Rat)
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light 64742-47-8	> 5000 mg/kg body weight	> 2000 mg/kg	> 5.28 mg/l/4h
1-Methylnaphthalene 90-12-0	1840 mg/kg	> 5000 mg/kg	-
2-Methylnaphthalene 91-57-6	1630 mg/kg	-	-
Naphthalene 91-20-3	500 mg/kg	-	-
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic 64742-94-5	> 5000 mg/kg	> 2000 mg/kg	> 5 mg/l/4h
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	> 5000 mg/kg	> 3440 mg/kg	18 mg/l/4h
Xylene, Mixture of Isomers 1330-20-7	3523 - 8600 mg/kg	> 4200 mg/kg	29 mg/l/4h
Cumene 98-82-8	> 2000 mg/kg	10578 mg/kg	40 mg/l/4h 8000 ppm/4h
2-Ethyl-1-Hexanol 104-76-7	3290 mg/kg	> 3000 mg/kg	> 2600 mg/kg
Mesitylene 108-67-8	6000 mg/kg	> 2000 mg/kg	24 mg/l/4h
n-Propylbenzene 103-65-1	6040 mg/kg		

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

No information available

Skin corrosion/irritation

No information available

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

No information available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No information available

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic 64742-95-6	Not listed	3	Not listed	Not listed
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic 64742-94-5	Not listed	2B	3	Not listed
Xylene, Mixture of Isomers 1330-20-7	Not listed	3	Not listed	Not listed
Cumene 98-82-8	A3	2B	Reasonably Anticipated	Not listed

Reproductive toxicity Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin. Classification based on data

available for ingredients. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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STOT - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Microtox	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
	algae 1:	LC50 fish 1: 8.4 mg/l		EC50 Daphnia 1:
1-Methylnaphthalene	1.71 - 5.12, EC50; 3 h	(LC50; 48 h; Salmo fario)	Not	1.848 mg/l (LC50; 48
90-12-0	algae 2 1200 µg/l	LC50 fish 2: 9 mg/l (LC50;	Available	h)
	(EC50; 14 days)	96 h; Pimephales		EC50 Daphnia 2:
		promelas)		1.2 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)
2-Methylnaphthalene	-	LC50 fish 1: 8 mg/l (LC50;	Not	-
91-57-6		96 h)	Available	
Naphtha, Heavy	algae 2: 2.5 mg/l	LC50 fish 2: 2.34 mg/l	Not	EC50 Daphnia 1:
Aromatic	(EC50; 72 h)	(LC50; 96 h;	Available	0.95 mg/l (EC50; 48
64742-94-5		Oncorhynchus mykiss)		h)
1,2,4-	algae 2:	LC50 fish 1: 7.72 mg/l	Not	EC50 Daphnia:
Trimethylbenzene	2.356 mg/l	(LC50; 96 h; Pimephales	Available	1 3.6 mg/l
95-63-6		promelas; Flow-through		
		system; Fresh water)		
Cumene	-	-	Not	EC50 Daphnia 1:
98-82-8			Available	2.14 mg/l
2-Ethyl-1-Hexanol	-	LC50 fish 2: 17.1 mg/l	Not	EC50 Daphnia 1:
104-76-7			Available	39 mg/l
Mesitylene	algae 2:	-	Not	EC50 Daphnia 1:
108-67-8	25 mg/l		Available	6 mg/l
n-Propylbenzene	algae 2 1.8 mg/l (EC50;	LC50 fish 1: 1.55 mg/l	Not	EC50 Daphnia 1 2
103-65-1	72 h; Selenastrum	(LC50; 96 h; Salmo	Available	mg/l (EC50; 24 h;
	capricornutum)	gairdneri)		Daphnia magna)

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

Chemical name	Bioaccumulative Potential	Log Pow
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic 64742-95-6	-	2.1 - 6
1-Methylnaphthalene 90-12-0	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Not established	3.87
2-Methylnaphthalene 91-57-6	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Not established.	3.86
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic 64742-94-5	Bioaccumable.	2.9 - 6.1
Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	-	3.63 – 4.09
Xylene, Mixture of Isomers 1330-20-7	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	3.2
Cumene 98-82-8	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	3.55
2-Ethyl-1-Hexanol 104-76-7	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	2.9
Mesitylene 108-67-8	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	3.42 – 4.13

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RICANTS	n-Propylbenzene	Low potential for bioaccumulation	3.69
	103-65-1	(Log Kow < 4).	

Mobility in soilNo information available.Other adverse effectsNo information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues/unused

products

Should not be released into the environment, Dispose of in accordance with local regulations, Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated Packaging

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut,

puncture or weld containers.

California waste information

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of

California as a hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG/IMO Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

Chemical name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values
Trimethylbenzene - 95-63-6	1.0%
Naphthalene - 91-20-3	0.1%
Xylene - 1330-20-7	1.0%
Cumene - 98-82-8	0.1%
2-Ethyl-1-Hexanol - 104-76-7	0.1%

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR122.21and 40 CFR 122.42).



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BRICANTS Chemical name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA- Hazardous Substances
Naphthalene - 91-20-3	100 lb	X	X	X
Xylene - 1330-20-7	100 lb	-	-	X
2-Ethyl-1-Hexanol – 104-76-7	1000 lb	Х	X	X

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Naphthalene 91-20-3	100 lb	-	RQ100 lb final RQ RQ45.4 kg final RQ
Xylene 1330-20-7	100 lb	-	RQ100 lb final RQ RQ45.4 kg final RQ
2-Ethyl-1-Hexanol – 104-76-7	1000 lb	-	RQ1000 lb final RQ RQ454 kg final RQ
Cumene 98-82-8	5000 lb	-	RQ5000 lb final RQRQ2270 kg final RQ

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:

Chemical name	California Proposition 65	
Naphthalene - 91-20-3	Carcinogens	
Cumene - 98-82-8	Carcinogens	
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5)	Carcinogens	

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Naphthalene - 91-20-3		X	X
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic 64742-94-5	Х		Х
Cumene - 98-82-8	X	X	X

16. OTHER INFORMATION



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Prepared By TRIAX, LLC

Revision Date March 11, 2024

Revision Note None

Disclaimer

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End MSDS